=> d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:38:46 ON 07 MAY 2002) FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 16:38:55 ON 07 MAY 2002 7762 S ADENOVIR?(6A)(3 OR 7 OR 16 OR 21 OR 51 OR 11 OR 14 OR 34 OR L1 3 L2 2237 S FIBER (W) PROTEIN L3 128 S L1 AND L2 130737 S SMOOTH(W) MUSCLE(W) CELL OR SMC L4L5 4 S L3 AND L4 4 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED) L6 => d bib ab 1-4 16 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L6 ΑN 2001:50835 CAPLUS DN 134:126789 Infection with chimeric adenoviruses of cells negative for the adenovirus TI serotype 5 coxsackie adenovirus receptor (CAR) Havenga, Menzo; Vogels, Ronald IN Introgene B.V., Neth. PA PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp. SO CODEN: PIXXD2 DTPatent English LΑ FAN.CNT 2 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----_____ WO 2000-NL481 20000707 WO 2001004334 A2 20010118 PΙ 20010705 WO 2001004334 **A**3 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG EP 1999-202234 19990708 A1 20010110 EP 1067188 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO 20020417 EP 2000-946537 20000707 EP 1196594 A2 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO PRAI US 1999-142557P 19990707 EP 1999-202234 Α 19990708 W 20000707 WO 2000-NL481 The invention discloses a method for delivering a nucleic acid of interest to a host cell by means of a gene delivery vehicle based on adenoviral material. One of the problems assocd. with the development of effective gene therapy protocols for the treatment of disease is the limitation of the current vectors to effectively transduce cells in vivo. This problem

is overcome with chimeric adenoviruses comprising capsids derived from adenovirus 5 of which at least part of the adenovirus 5 fiber protein is replaced by a fiber protein from a

different adenovirus serotype. The gene delivery vehicle delivers a nucleic acid to the host cell by assocg. with a binding site and/or a receptor present on CAR-neg. cells, said binding site and/or receptor being a binding site and/or a receptor for adenovirus subgroups D and/or F. For this purpose, two or three plasmids, which together contain the complete adenovirus serotype 5 genome, were constructed. From a plasmid the DNA encoding the adenovirus serotype 5 fiber protein is essentially removed and replaced by linker DNA sequences which facilitate easy cloning. This plasmid subsequently serves as template the insertion of DNA encoding the fiber protein derived from different adenovirus serotypes. At the former El location the genome of adenovirus serotype 5, any gene of interest can be cloned. A single transfection procedure of the two or three plasmids together result in the formation of a recombinant chimeric adenovirus. The invention also describes the construction and use of plasmids consisting of distinct parts of adenovirus serotype 5 in which the gene encoding for fiber protein has been replaced with DNA derived from alternative human or animal serotypes. ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 2001:28651 CAPLUS 134:111233 Infection with chimeric adenoviruses of cells negative for the adenovirus serotype 5 coxsackie adenovirus receptor (CAR) Havenga, Menzo; Vogels, Ronald Introgene B.V., Neth. Eur. Pat. Appl., 95 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW Patent English FAN.CNT 2 KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. ----EP 1067188 **A**1 20010110 EP 1999-202234 19990708 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO WO 2001004334 A2 20010118 WO 2000-NL481 20000707 WO 2001004334 A3 20010705 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG EP 1196594 A2 20020417 EP 2000-946537 20000707 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO PRAI US 1999-142557P P 19990707 EP 1999-202234 Α 19990708 WO 2000-NL481 W 20000707

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The invention provides chimeric adenoviral vectors with tissue tropism of

(but not of liver cells) used for gene transfer in gene therapy. The chimeric adenoviral vectors is constructed by switching the functional part (fiber protein subunit) of adenoviral capsid protein in adenovirus type 5 vector to that of a subgroup B adenovirus, preferably adenovirus 16 (Ad16). The biodistribution of these chimeric vector after i.v. tail vein injection of rats and and their display differences in the endothelial smooth muscle cell transduction are detd. infection efficiency of Ad5 vector to smooth muscle cells, and/or endothelial cells can be increased significantly by changing the fiber subunit (esp. shaft and knob parts) of capsid protein to that of Ad16. In this way, the host immune response to recombinant viruses derived from the chimeric adenovirus vectors are greatly reduced. The contribution of cellular receptors such as CAR (Coxsackievirus and adenovirus receptor) or integrin to viral infection is also studied. Methods of prepg. various chimeric adenovirus vectors and using them to treat diseases, preferably cardiovascular diseases are also provided. RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1998:742261 CAPLUS 130:17215 Gene transfer with adenoviruses having modified fiber proteins McClelland, Alan; Stevenson, Susan C.; Gorziglia, Mario; Vanin, Elio F. Genetic Therapy, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent English FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE _____ ______ WO 9850053 A1 19981112 WO 1998-US8570 19980430 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A1 19981127 AU 1998-72632 AU 9872632 19980430 20020117 AU 743051 B2 19980430 EP 1015005 A1 20000705 EP 1998-919957 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI 19970508 PRAI US 1997-852924 A2 W WO 1998-US8570 19980430 A method of transferring at least one DNA sequence into cells by transducing the cells, in vivo or ex vivo, with a modified adenovirus. The adenovirus, prior to modification, is of a first serotype. In the modified adenovirus, at least a portion of the fiber, and in particular the head portion, is removed from the adenovirus of the first serotype

replaced with a portion, in particular the head portion, of the fiber of an adenovirus of a second serotype. Such method is useful in transducing

smooth muscle cells, and/or endothelial cells

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cells which may be refractory to the adenovirus of the first serotype, yet

include a receptor which binds to the head portion of the fiber of the adenovirus of the second serotype.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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